

City of Longmont Water Principles
2022 Legislative Year

1. Support water policies that protect Colorado water resources.
2. Support the constitutional doctrine of prior appropriation and the constitutional priority given to domestic water use.
3. Support the inventorying and protection of Longmont's water rights.
4. Support appropriate water conservation efforts by all users and effective long-term water resource management.
5. Support appropriate coordination of municipal water use with agriculture, recreation and open space uses.
6. Support federal; and state financial aid programs assisting municipalities with the construction and improvement of water systems to protect and enhance the quality of water supplies to the public and to comply with federal and state mandates.
7. Support State Legislation that enhances stream flow in Colorado rivers for the purpose of protecting Colorado aquatic and riparian areas.
8. Recognize the special needs of smaller municipalities and encourage the federal government and the state to provide special financial assistance to smaller municipalities for water systems based on financial and health needs.
9. All Colorado water users must share in solving Colorado's water resource problems. This includes sharing in the costs to meet water needs. However, such costs should be borne, in whole or in some part, by those directly benefiting from the project or effort.
10. The State of Colorado should provide assistance, when requested, for local water supply planning and assist in the implementation of consensus-based water resource solutions that respect local authorities, private property and water rights. Proper water supply planning should be required in conjunction with land use planning efforts.
11. During the process of planning to meet future needs, water suppliers and utilities should explore full development of existing local water sources, consideration of new water supplies, and demand management, including water conservation as a demand management strategy in planning for future water supply.

12. Additional water storage should be pursued through the improvement and rehabilitation of existing structures and the development of new structures. These activities should be accomplished with local consensus.
13. The right of water rights owners to market their water rights must be protected. Colorado must fully explore flexible, market-based approaches to water supply management, including interruptible water contracts, water banking, in-state water leasing and groundwater recharge management.
14. Longmont's Raw Water Policy calls for the transfer, for municipal use, of all historical water from lands being annexed to the City. The transfer of agricultural water outside of a City's planning area should be encouraged to be completed through leases or interruptible water supply contracts in order to preserve agriculture. Water leases should not preclude, but be in addition to purchases, to meet the water supply needs of municipalities.
15. In the event that agricultural water is transferred, the transaction must adequately address the need for maintaining the existing tax base, protecting the remaining water rights in the area, and maintaining the proper stewardship of the land including revegetation and weed control.
16. The need to develop additional water supplies to serve Colorado's growing population should be weighed against the recreational and environmental benefits served by preservation of instream flows. Longmont holds that the term "balance" should not imply evenly split, but rather is reflective of the specific conditions existing relative to additional water development projects.
17. Adverse economic, environmental, and social impacts of future water projects and water transfers must be minimized; unavoidable adverse impacts must be mitigated, including both the immediate and long-term impacts attributable to water transfers. Locally affected communities must have the opportunity to assist in defining appropriate mitigation for each project. The transfer of water from Northern Colorado to meet the water needs of the Denver metro area is a significant concern for Longmont.
18. Future water supply solutions must benefit both the area of origin and the area of use.
19. Water conservation measures that do not injure other water rights should be aggressively pursued.
20. There must be an ongoing, concerted effort to educate all Coloradans on the importance of water, and the need to conserve, manage, and plan for the needs of this and future generations.

21. Prudent municipal water supply planning necessitates securing multiple, independent sources of raw water to create redundancy and flexibility of operations during emergency situations such as floods, forest fires, and droughts. Support State legislation that encourages such planning and fosters certainty of municipal water supplies. Oppose State Legislation that would place additional burdens or restrictions on the ability to develop multiple water sources.

22. Longmont supports forest stewardship efforts to protect the forests and associated watersheds that supply Longmont its high quality drinking water supply. Efforts to promote collaboratively increased forest stewardship to protect the watersheds from catastrophic wildfire events which result in water quality impacts from the fires should be pursued.